

# 10-INCH 8-PORT GIGABIT ETHERNET PoE+ SWITCH, L2+ MANAGED



User Guide DN-95331 Rev.2

Abou Term	t Guide nology / Usage	3 3
Сору	ight and trademark	3
1.	Product Introduction	3
Front	Panel	4
Side F	Panel	4
Rear	Panel	4
2	Hardware installation	5
Eirct o	ten: onen a seal	5
Secon	d sten: switch installation	5
Instal	lation hole snacing	5
Third	sten: connecting nower supply	6
Powe	r failure	6
3.	Getting Started	. 6
Mana	gement Option	6
Using	Web-based Management	7
Suppo	orted Web Browsers	7
Conn	ecting to the Switch	7
Login	Web-based Management	7
1. WE	B page elements	9
2. The	e structure of Navigation tree	10
3. Pag	ge button Introduction	10
4. Err	or messages	11
5. Ent	ry Field	11
6. Sta	tus Field	12
4.	WEB page introduction	13
1. Los	rin dialog Box	13
2. Ma	in Page	14
3. Sys	tem Configuration:	14
4. Poi	t Configuration	20
5. MA	C binding	27
6. MA	C filtering	28
7. VL/	AN Configuration	30
8. SN	MP Configuration	32
9. AC	Configuraion	34
10. Q	oS Configuration	37
11. IP	Basic Configuration	39
12. Ce	ertification. Authorization. Accounting (AAA) configuration	41
13. Sp	panning Tree Protocol configuration	45
14. IG	MP SNOOPING configuration	48
15. G	MRP configuration	49
16. EA	APS configuration	50
17. RI	MON configuration	52
18. Cl	uster configuration	55
19. Lo	og management	58

## About Guide

This guide provides instructions to install the Switch.

Note: The model you have purchased may appear slightly different from the illustrations shown in the document. Refer to the Product Instruction and Technical Specification sections for detailed information about your switch, its components, network connections, and technical specifications.

## Terminology / Usage

In this guide, the term "Switch" (first letter capitalized) refers to the Smart Switch, and "switch" (first letter lower case) refers to other Ethernet switches. Some technologies refer to terms "switch", "bridge" and "switching hubs" interchangeably, and both are commonly accepted for Ethernet switches.

Note: indicates important information that helps a better use of the device.

Warning: indicates potential property damage or personal injury.

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# **1. Product Introduction**

Thanks for purchasing the Managed PoE switch products.

The device is a Gigabit Full Managed POE Switch. It provides 8 10/100/1000Mbps Auto-Negotiation RJ45 POE ports. It supports the port's full line speed forwarding to ensure the stable transmission of data. The machine can be used as a small local core switch or a mall and medium-sized LAN switch, and can also be used as an access switch for large LAN. It can be widely used in monitoring, wireless, Internet cafe and other fields.

## **Front Panel**

The front panel consists of LED indications and network ports



#### LED Lamp

Power LED:	The Power LED lights up when the switch is connected to a power source.
Link/Act indicator:	The Link/Act LED flashes which indicates a network link through the corresponding port. Blinking indicates that the Switch is either sending or receiving data to the port.
Green:	Indicates the PoE powered device (PD) is connected and the port supplies power successfully.
Light off:	Indicates no powered device (PD) connected.



## Side Panel

**RST:** By pressing the Reset button for 5 seconds the switch will change back to the default configuration and all changes will be lost.

#### **Rear Panel**

The rear panel view of the Ethernet switch consists of an AC power connector.



- (1) Grounding: use specialized ground lead connect
- (2) Connect the power adapter output terminal to this port. Supports input voltages 100-240VAC

# 2. Hardware installation

This chapter provides unpacking and installation information for the Managed PoE switch.

## First step: Open a seal

Open the shipping carton and carefully unpack its contents. Please consult the packing list located in the User Manual to make sure all items are present and undamaged. If any item is missing or damaged, please contact the local reseller for replacement.

- Switch 1pcs
- AC power cord 1pcs
- User manual 1pcs

## Second step: Switch installation

For safe switch installation and operation, it is recommended that you:

- Visually inspect the power cord to see that it is secured fully to the AC power connector.
- Make sure that there is proper heat dissipation and adequate ventilation around the switch.
- Do not place heavy objects on the switch.

## Installation hole spacing



## Third step: connecting power supply

Using the AC power cord to connect to of the into the AC socket on the back of the switch.



**Warning:** Do not turn on the power switch before power cables are connected. Power surge may cause damage to the Switch.

#### **Power failure**

As a precaution, the switch should be unplugged in case of power failure. When power is resumed, plug the switch back in.

# 3. Getting Started

This chapter introduces the management interface of Managed PoE switch.

#### **Management Option**

The Managed PoE switch can be managed through any port on the device by using the Web-based management.

Each switch must be assigned its own IP address, which is used for communication with Web-Based Management or a SNMP network manager. The PC should have an IP address in the same range as the switch.

Please refer to the following installation instructions for the Web-based Management.

## **Using Web-based Management**

After a successful physical installation, you can configure the Switch, monitor the network status, and display statistics using a web browser.

## **Supported Web Browsers**

The embedded Web-based Management currently supports the following web browsers:

- Internet Explorer 6 or higher version
- Netscape 8 or higher version
- Mozilla
- Firefox 1.5/2.0 or higher version

## **Connecting to the Switch**

You will need the following equipment to begin the web configuration of your device:

- 1. A PC with a RJ-45 Ethernet connection
- 2. A standard Ethernet cable

Connect the Ethernet cable to any of the ports on the front panel of the switch and to the Ethernet port on the PC.



## Login Web-based Management

In order to login and configure the switch via an Ethernet connection, the PC must have an IP address in the same subnet as the switch. For example, if the switch has an IP address of **192.168.0.1**, the PC should have an IP address of **192.168.0.x** (where x is a number between 1 ~ 254), and a subnet mask of **255.255.255.0**. Open the web browser and enter **192.168.0.1** (the factory-default IP address) in the address bar. Then press <Enter>

් 🥖 http://192.168.0.1/ 🔎 👻 🏉 SmartSwitch Web-Base C.	×

#### Enter the IP address in the web browser

Note: The switch's factory default IP address is **192.168.0.1** with a subnet mask of **255.255.255.0** 

To log in to the switch, the IP address of your PC should be set in the same subnet as that of the switch. The IP address is 192.168.0.x ("x" is any number from 2 to 254). Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)	Properties 🔹 😨 💌						
General							
You can get IP settings assigned automatically if your network supports this capability. Otherwise, you need to ask your network administrator for the appropriate IP settings.							
Obtain an IP address automatical	ly						
Use the following IP address:							
IP address:	192.168.0.54						
S <u>u</u> bnet mask:	255 . 255 . 255 . 0						
Default gateway:	192 .168 . 0 . 1						
Obtain DNS server address autor	natically						
• Use the following DNS server add	resses:						
Preferred DNS server:							
<u>A</u> lternate DNS server:	· · ·						
Vajidate settings upon exit							
OK Cancel							

When the following login dialog box appears, enter the password then click **OK**. By default, the username is **admin** and the password is **admin**.



Login Dialog Box

## 1. WEB page elements

Shown in Figure 2, WEB page is mainly composed of three parts: title page, navigation tree page and main page

C (2) C (2) http://192.168.0.1/	📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×	<u>↑ ★ ₽</u>
			<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Filter VLAN Configuration SNND Configuration ACL Configuration AAC Configuration GOS C			

Figure 2

Title page is used to display the port status

Main page is used to display the user from the navigation tree, select the page

## 2. The structure of Navigation tree

Figure 3 shows the navigation tree organizational structure.

Navigation tree is located in the lower left of each page, using the tree display nodes of the WEB page; users can easily find the page you want to manage the WEB. According to a different web page functionality can be divided into different groups, each including one or more pages. Most of the navigation tree in the name of the corresponding web page top of page title abbreviation.

0			
(⇐) <> C  (⇐)	/	😧 🔎 ד 🏉 Switch 🛛 🕹 🕹	↑ ★ 券
			<ul> <li>Imk up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Imk down</li> </ul>
Switch	T	System Configuration	
Basic Information     Serial Information     User Management     Connection Managem     SNTP Configuration	System Description System Object ID System Version Num Network Interfaces System start time	Switch 1.3.6.1.4.1.36293.1000 3.6.6 9 0-Davs 1-Hours 7-Minutes 19-Seconds	
Current Configuration     Configuration File     File Upload     System Reboot	System Name	Switch	$\bigcirc$
Port Configuration     MAC Binding     MAC Filter     MAC Filter	System Contact		0
VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration     QOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration		Refresh Apply Help	V
AAA Configuration     MSTP Configuration     IGMP SNOOPING Confi			

Figure 3

#### 3. Page button Introduction

On the pages, here are some commonly used buttons. The role of these buttons are generally the same, Form 2 on the role of these buttons are described:

Form 2	
Button	Effect
Refresh	Update all fields on the page
Apply	Numerical value will be updated into the memory. Because the error-checking should be implement by the Web Server, before the user selects the button will be no error checking.
Delete	Delete the current record
Help	Open help pages, view the individual pages of the configuration instructions

#### 4. Error messages

If the switch WEB server error occurred while processing user requests, it will display a dialog box in the corresponding error message. For example, Figure 4 shows an error message dialog box.



Figure 4

## 5. Entry Field

Some pages of the most left column in the table has an entry field, as shown in Figure 5, through the field can access different rows in the table. When you choose a line for the field, which line the corresponding information is displayed in the first line, then only the line can be edited. The line is also known as the activities line. A time when it was first loaded, it shows the field new, activity line is empty.

If want to add a new line, should select new from the drop-down menu of entry field, enter the new line's information, and then press apply button.

If you want to edit the line already exists, it is necessary select the appropriate line number of the drop-down menu, according to need to edit the line, and then press the apply button, you will see a corresponding change in the table displayed.

If you want to delete a row, select the line number accordingly from entry field's drop-down menu, then press the delete key, this line will disappear from the table.



Figure 5

## 6. Status Field

Some pages of the most right column in the table there is a state field, as shown in Figure 6, the field displays the line status. Since all row state changes are processed in-house, so the status field is read-only. Once the line information of the entry filed into force, the line will automatically become the active state the status active.

C @ http://192.168.0.1/			ج 🤡 Swit	ich X			• <b>→</b> ☆
						<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>	
Switch	1		TRAP	Target Configurati	on		
Port Configuration	Item	Name		Transmit IP Address		SNMP Version	State
MAC Binding	New 🗸						
VLAN Configuration			Refresh	Apply Delete	Help		
E 🔄 SNMP Configuration							
Community Name							
TRAP Target							
ACL Configuration							
T IP Basic Configuration							
AAA Configuration							
MSTP Configuration							
🖲 🔲 IGMP SNOOPING Confi							
GMRP Configuration							
EAPS Configuration							
RMON Configuration							
Cluster Management							
v							
< >>							

Figure 6 the web page of status field

# 4. WEB page introduction

Switch switches WEB pages organized into groups, each including one or more of the WEB pages. The following are introduced one by one on each page.

## 1. Login dialog Box

Connect to 192.	168.0.1 🛛 🛛 🔀
	GA
Networks	
User name:	
<u>P</u> assword:	
	Remember my password
	OK Cancel

Figure 7 WEB browsing session of the login page

Figure 7 shows the login dialog box. The login dialog box will be displayed while the user login the web page at the first time. When the user filled out the correct user name and password, then click the Enter button can log on to the switch Web server. Passwords are case-sensitive; the anonymous user password can be maximum set up to 16 characters, while the multi-user name and password can be set up to 11 characters. **The default username is admin and password is admin.** 

## 2. Main Page

Figure 8 shows the WEB main page of Switch. This page will be displayed after the user logs in web pages

C	・ シーマ (@ Switch)	×	- □ <b>- ×</b>
			<ul> <li>Iink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Iink down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding MAC Binding MAC Filter VLAN Configuration Configuration ACL Configuration COS COS Configuration COS			
			l.

Figure 8 Switch main page

## 3. System Configuration:

#### (1) Basic information page

Figure 9 is the basic information of configuration page; users can configure the basic information for the switch.

System Description displays the description of the relevant parameters of system.

System descriptor ID displays system in the network identity management.

The system version number is displayed the current software version number of switches.

The number of switches interface displays the current number of interfaces in the switch.

The system start-up time display switches from start to the present time.

The system name as the switch's system name in the network, the user can modify the system name.

The systematic location as the switch's physical location showing at the network, the user can modify the system locations.

System Contact shows the contacts person and details of the current node, the user can modify the system contact.

C (2) C (2) http://192.168.0.1	V	∂ P Ø Switch ×	- <b> ×</b>
			<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch	1	System Configuration	
Basic Information     Serial Information     User Management     Connection Managem	System Description System Object ID System Version Num Network Interfaces System start time	Switch 1.3.6.1.4.1.36293.1000 3.6.6 9 0-Davs 1-Hours 8-Minutes 52-Seconds	
SNIP Configuration Current Configuration Configuration File File Upload Sustan Pahaat	System Name System Location	Switch	$\sim$
Port Configuration     MAC Binding     MAC Filter	System Contact		
SNMP Configuration     SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration     QOS Configuration		Refresh Apply Help	
IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration     MSTP Configuration			

Figure 9 Basic information Page

#### (2) Serial port information page

Figure 10 is a serial port configuration page; the page displays serial baud rate and other related information. When the host through the serial port terminals (such as Windows, HyperTerminal) to the management of switches, serial console on the COM port configuration must be consistent with this page information.

C	4	ی بھی 😔 🗧 🖉 Switch	×	- □ <b>×</b> ↔
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch  System Configuration  Serial Information  Serial Information  Surp Configuration  Connection Managem  SNTP Configuration  Configuration  File  File Upload  NAC Binding  MAC Binding  MAC Binding  MAC Configuration  COS Configuration  COS Configuration  MAC Configuration		Serial P Baud Rate Character Size Parity Code Stop Bits Flow Control Re	Port Configuration	

Figure 10 Serial port information page

#### (3) User management page

Figure 11 is a user management page, the user can modify this switch anonymous user (admin) password, Telnet and the Web without opening a multi-user, they all use the same anonymous user's password. Passwords are case-sensitive, and can be up to 16 characters. If you want to change your password, the user need to enter the new password twice, once the user clicks the application button, the new password is activated, then if the switch is not enabled multi-user, will display the login dialog box (as shown in Figure 7), require the user to re - login the web page, with a new anonymous user password.

Meanwhile through this page user can configure the multi-user, switch if in the default is no multi-users, that is, not enabled the multi-user management functionality, at this time does not require multi-user login user name and password authentication. For Telnet, when adding a user name, multi-user management features were enabled, and when removed all of the user, multi-user management functionality has been closed. For the Web, when adding a user name, if it is privileged user, multi-user management functionality was enabled, when all of the privileges users have been deleted, multi-user management functionality has been closed. When the multi-user management features enabled, the anonymous user's password will not take effect, log Telnet and the Web requires a multi-user name and password authentication. When the multi-user management function is turned off, at this time if the configured anonymous user's password, log on Telnet, and Web need anonymous user's password authentication



Figure 11 user's management page

#### (4) Security Management Page

Figure 12 is **Security** management configuration page, through the page's configuration, the administrator can control network management services TELNET, WEB and SNMP, you can open (enable) or off (disable) these services, these services can be mounted up with standards IP ACL group ,and the implementation of the source IP address control, control access to the host of these services

When the Switch default, TELNET, WEB and SNMP services are open and no ACL filtering, that is, all hosts have access to the switch of these three services. If the administrator for safety, do not want to provide one or several services, which can shut down one or several services. If the administrator only hope that the specified host could access one or several services, can do the ACL filtering for one or several services. As a service to do ACL filtering, you need to open the service, and to select an IP standard ACL group (1-99), the primary factor it's the ACL group must be present.

Note that, if the administrator on this page control the WEB services (such as closing WEB Services) may cause users to no longer use the WEB page, then you can log switches by other means and to control the use of WEB service allows users to WEB page (such as the Open the WEB service).

C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	/	😌 🔎 🗧	§ Switch ×		
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				<ul> <li>▲ link up</li> <li>▲ disable</li> <li>▲ link down</li> </ul>
Switch	1	Connectio	on Management (http,tel	net,snmp)	
Basic Information		Counting Trung	Management State	(Acl Group M	ust Exist, and range in 1-99)
Serial Information	-	Service Type	Management State	Act Group	
🕒 User Management	Ļ	<b>`</b>	Enable V	0	
Connection Managem	Ļ	http	Enable	0	
SNTP Configuration	Ļ	snmp	Enable	0	
Current Configuration	L	telnet	Enable	0	
Configuration File		R	efresh Anniv Heir		
File Upload			circon yappy		
System Reboot					
Port Configuration					
MAC Binding					
# MAC Filter					
VLAN Configuration					
SNMP Configuration					
ACL Configuration					
COS Configuration					
IP Basic Configuration					
AAA Configuration					
MSTP Configuration					

Figure 12 Security management page

#### (5) Configure the current page

Figure 13 is the current configuration page. the user can view the current configuration of the switch on this page. Save key is to store the current system configuration in the configuration file. Because the storage operation requires erase& write FLASH chips, which take up some time. When the user was configured on the page and hope to restart the switch from using these configurations are not lost, you must exit the page before the current configuration page, click the Save button.



Figure 13 the current configuration page

#### (6) Configuration page

Figure 14 is profile configuration page. This page allows users to view the system's initial configuration. The initial configuration is actually the configuration file in the FLASH, when the configuration file does not exist in FLASH, the system starts using the default configuration. Delete key to delete the configuration file in the FLASH. Click the Delete button, will pop up a dialog box, that will prompts the user sure to delete the configuration file or not, according to the dialog box to determine if it's ok, otherwise click Cancel button. Download button is used to downloaded a configuration file to the PC. Click to download button, will pop up a dialog box, users select Save and save the configuration file directory path. Download the configuration file names are as switch.cfg.



Figure14 Configuration file page

#### (7) File upload page

Figure 15 is a file upload page. Through this page a user can upload a configuration file and mapping files to the switch. Click the Browse button to select the upload configuration file or image file in the directory path on the PC. Click Upload button upload a configuration file or image file, configuration file extension must be \*. cfg, image file must be provided by the manufacturer and the file name extension must be \*. img. Transmission before the return of the results page, please do not click on other pages, or restart the switch; otherwise, the file transfer will lead to failure caused by system crashes.

C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	1	📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×	
				<ul> <li>iink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>iink down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Said Information Said Information User Management Connection Managem SNTP Configuration Current Configuration Current Configuration Configuration File File Upload System Reboot File NAC Ending MAC Binding MAC Filter SNNP Configuration GNUC Configuration GNUC Configuration GUS Configuration GUS Configuration FI Pasac Configuration GUS Configuration FI Pasac Configuration GUS CO	Attention: The Configuration File must have The Firmware File must have an Do not interrupt the upload at ar System	File Up (Upload the Co *.ing extention *.ing extention nytime as this may corrupt th 演流	Iload nfiguration File or Firmwar e Firmware or Configur Upload He	e File from your local computer to the switch) ation and Potentially Crash the
MSTP Configuration				

Figure 15 File Upload Page

#### (8) System reset page

Figure 16 is system reset page, through this page users to restart the switch. When you click on Restart button, will pop up a dialog box that prompts the user to determine whether or restart the switch, If it is determined according to OK button, otherwise click Cancel button. Restart will no longer open the Web page.

C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	/		☆ ☆
			<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch  System Configuration  Satisl Information  Serial Information  Serial Information  Serial Information  Surp Configuration  Current Configuration  File Upload  System Reboot  Port Configuration  MAC Binding  Mac Binding		System Reboot Reboot Help	

Figure 16 System reset page

## 4. Port Configuration

#### (1) Port configuration / port -display page

Figure 17 is the port configuration / port -display page. Users can enable or disable the port to the page, set the port speed, or View all ports of the basic information.

To set a specific port, users need to select the appropriate port name on port drop-down menu. The default port status is up, can select the drop-down menu -down to disable the port. Users can also choose to set the speed of the drop-down menu to set the speed of the port, such as the mandatory half-duplex port 10M (half-10) and so on. On this page the user can view all ports other basic information.

C C C http://102168.01/		2	0 - 0 - 1			
0 0 mtp://192.106.0.1			Switch	×	C d C	iink up disable link down
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration Common Configuration Port Statistics	Port:	Ifindex: 0 Port Type: Un	Port Configu	ration/Show	n:	
Flow Control     Broadcast Storm	State.		Refresh Ap	ply Help		
Port Ratelimit	Port Name	Admin State	Oper State	Bandwidth	VLAN Mode	Default VLAN
Protected Port	ge1/1	Up	Up	Full-1000 Mbps	Access	
📲 Learn Limit	ge1/2	Up	Down	Unknown	Access	
Port Trunking	ge1/3	Up	Down	Unknown	Access	
🕒 🖹 Mirror	ge1/4	Up	Down	Unknown	Access	
DDM Information	ge1/5	Up	Down	Unknown	Access	
🖲 🧰 MAC Binding	ge1/6	Up	Down	Unknown	Access	1
MAC Filter	ge1/7	Up	Down	Unknown	Access	
VLAN Configuration	ge1/8	Up	Down	Unknown	Access	1
SNMP Configuration						
E ACL Configuration						
QOS Configuration						
IP Basic Configuration						
AAA Configuration						

Figure 17 port configuration and port - display page

#### (2) Port Statistics Page

Figure 18 is the port statistics information page. To view a particular port, users need to select the appropriate port name in the port drop-down menu. Users can view the statistics information of send and receive packets on this page.

C Ø Ø http://192.168.0.1/		📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×	
				<ul> <li>ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>ink down</li> </ul>
System Configuration	Port:	Port Statistic	s Information	
Port Statistics	Port Statistics Information			
Flow Control	Received Total Bytes (ifInOctets)	0	Received Unicast Packets Num (ifInUcastPkts)	0
Port Ratelimit	Received Non-Unicast Packets Num (ifInNUcastPkts)	0	Received Discard Packets Num (ifInDiscards)	0
E Protected Port	Received Error Packets Num (ifInErrors)	0	Received Unkonwn Protocol Packets Num (ifInUnknownProtos)	0
<ul> <li>Port Trunking</li> <li>Mirror</li> </ul>	Send Total Bytes (ifOutOctets)	0	Send Unicast Packets Num (ifOutUcastPkts)	0
DDM Information	Send Non-Unicast Packets Num (ifOutNUcastPkts)	0	Send Discard Packets Num (ifOutDiscards)	0
MAC Filter	Send Error Packets Num (ifOutErrors)	0		
VEAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     QOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration		Refresh	Help	

Figure 18 Port Statistics Page

#### (3) Flow control page

Figure 19 is the flow control page. Users can enable and disable each port's send and receive flow control through this page.

Flow control by sending the side of the drop-down on or off to open or close the sending side of flow control, flow control through the receiving side of the drop-down on or off to open or close the receiver-side flow control, while on and off also shows the port to send side and receiving-side flow control is turned on or off.

← → C   http://192.168	8.0.1/	📀 ۵ ۲ 🎑 Switch	×	- □ <b>- ×</b>
				<ul> <li>iink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>iink down</li> </ul>
Switch  System Configuration  Other Configuration  Common Configuratio  Port Statistics  Flow Control	Port: V	Flow C	Control	
Broadcast Storm		Refresh Ap	ply Help	
Port Ratelimit		Port Name	Flow Control State	
Protected Port		ge1/1	Off	]
E Learn Limit		ge1/2	Off	]
Port Trunking		ge1/3	Off	]
Mirror		ge1/4	Off	]
DDM Information		ge1/5	Off	
MAC Binding	-	ge1/6	Off	
MAC Filter		ge1/7	Off	
VLAN Configuration		ge1/8	Off	
T ACL Configuration				
T IP Basic Configuration				
AAA Configuration				

Figure 19 Flow control page

#### (4) Broadcast storm control page

Figure 20 is the Broadcast Storm Control page. This page is used to do the suppression for configure port broadcast packets, multicast packets and DLF packet.

From the Port drop-down bar select to configure ports. Through the on and off key to open and close the port broadcast suppression, multicast, DLF inhibition and suppression. Inhibition rate is used to configure the port inhibition speed, range 1-1024000, unit kbits. The inhibition rate of the same port broadcast suppression, multicast and DLF inhibition is the same.

C			چ و 📀	Switch	×		- □ <b>- ×</b>
	2 () () () () ()						nk up isable nk down
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration	Port:	~	Bro	oadcast Storm C	ontrol		
Port Statistics	Broadcast	Suppression	Off 🗸	Broadcast Ratelimit	0 (	1-1024000 kbps)	
E Flow Control	Multicast	Suppression	Off V	Multicast Ratelimit	0 (	1-1024000 kbps)	
Broadcast Storm	DLF Supp	ression	Off V	DLF Ratelimit	0 (	1-1024000 kbps)	
Port Ratelimit			Re	fresh Apply	Help		
			TR	леон	Theip		
Port Trunking	Port Name	Broadcast Suppression	Broadcast Ratelimit (kbps)	Multicast Suppression	Multicast Ratelimit (kbps)	DLF Suppression	DLF Ratelimit (kbps)
Mirror	ge1/1	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
DDM Information	ge1/2	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
MAC Binding	ge1/3	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
🖲 🛄 MAC Filter	ge1/4	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
E 🔲 VLAN Configuration	ge1/5	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
SNMP Configuration	ge1/6	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
ACL Configuration	ge1/7	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
QOS Configuration	ge1/8	Off	64	Off	64	Off	64
IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration     S							

Figure 20 Broadcase Storm control Page

#### (5) Port speed limits page

Figure 21 is the port speed- limit page. This page is used to configure the port's send and receive rate

From the Port drop-down bar select the configure ports. Bandwidth control of the send data packets is used to configure and display the bandwidth control it, the range is 1-1024000, unit kbits, enter into force after the key press applications. If the port is not configured bandwidth control, shown as off. Cancel button is used to cancel the corresponding data packet to send bandwidth control. Receiving data packets are used to configure and display the bandwidth control of receive data packets control, the range is 1-1024000, unit kbits, enter into force after the key press applications. If the port is not configure and display the bandwidth control of receive data packets control, the range is 1-1024000, unit kbits, enter into force after the key press applications. If the port is not configured bandwidth control, shown as off. Cancel button is used to cancel the corresponding receiving data packets bandwidth control.

C ⇒ C @ http://192.168.0.1/	/	€ P - 🏉 Switch	×	<b>□</b> -×⇒
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration	Port:	Por	t Rate Limit	
Common Configuratio     Port Statistics     Flow Control     Broadcast Storm	Send Packets Rate Control Off Receive Packets Rate Control Off	kbps (1-1024000) kbps (1-1024000)	Cancel (Cancel Send Packet Cancel (Cancel Receive P	s Rate Control) ackets Rate Control)
Port Ratelimit     Protected Port     Learn Limit     Port Trunking		Port Name Send P	Apply Help ackets Rate Control (kbps) Control	Packets Rate ol (kbps)
Mirror     DDM Information     MAC Binding				
MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration				
QOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration				

Figure 21 Port speed limit page

#### (6) Port protection page

Figure 22 is the Port protection page. This page is used to configure the port for the protection port.

If the port is configured as a protected port, the ports can not exchange the data with each other , protected port only with non-protected port for data exchange.

C		📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×	
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disabis</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch		Prote	cted Port	
		Port Name	Is Protected	I Port
Common Configuratio		ge1/1	No	
Port Statistics		ge1/2	No	
E Flow Control		ge1/3	No	
Broadcast Storm		ge1/4	No	
Port Ratelimit		ge1/5	No	
Protected Port		ge1/6	No	
E Learn Limit		ge1/7	No	
Port Trunking		ge1/8	No	
DDM Information	R	efresh Protected Port	Unprotected Port	Help
MAC Biller				
VLAN Configuration				
E SNMP Configuration				
T ACL Configuration				
CONFIGURATION				
🖲 📄 IP Basic Configuration 🧹				
AAA Configuration				

Figure 22 protected port page

#### (7) Port Learning restrain page

Figure 23 is the port learning restrain page. This page used to restrict the port can learn of the MAC address of the number, range is 0-8191. The default value is 8191, also is the maximum that the port is not configured the learning restrain.

	0	
<u>^</u>		link up disable link down
Switch     System Configuration     Configuration     Port Statistics     Port St	t Help dfress Num Able To Learn 8191 8191 8191 8191 8191 8191 8191 8191 8191	

Figure 23 Port Learning restrain page

#### (8) Port Trunking configuration page

Figure 24 is the port trunking configuration page. This page allows the user to configure the port trunking. This page consists of four parts: port trunking ID selection, port trunking method selection, configurable ports and group members port.

To create or modify the port trunking, the user needs to select a port trunking ID, port trunking ID from 1 to 3. The user clicks the list box the appropriate port trunking ID, the port trunking of information displayed in the group port. To create a Trunk group, select the appropriate ID in the port trunking ID, click the button "Trunk ID Settings." To set the port trunking method, select one port trunking method, click the button "polymerization Settings." To increase the trunking ports, the port can be configured to select the trunking port in the configurable, click on "members of the port =" "key. Aggregation from the existing port" = "key. To delete the entire TRUNK group, then click the "Delete trunk group" button.

In page configuring process, at least one Trunk has been established then polymerization settings can take effect; configured trunking method is also applied to all on the Trunk groups; in that already exist on the Trunk can add or remove Port members; in the absence of the port members situation can delete a Trunk Group.

Switch provides three kinds of port trunking methods: Based on the source MAC address, based on the purpose MAC address, based on the source and purpose MAC addresses.

Switch maximum support 3 groups port trunking, can be configured to a maximum of three Trunk Group, Trunk1 and Trunk2 cannot trucking Gigabit ports, and each group can be aggregated up to the same four attributes port. Trunk3 only be aggregated Gigabit ports, and up to 2 Gigabit ports can be aggregated. Port aggregation method is common to all of the Trunk.



Figure 24 Port Trunking configuration page

#### (9) Port mirroring configuration page

Figure 25 is the port mirroring configuration page. The page allows users to configure port mirroring. Port mirroring through the mirror port to monitor the data packets of being mirrored output port and the data packets of being mirrored input port. Mirroring port can only choose one, being mirrored output port and being mirrored input port can select multiple. This page consists of four components: monitor port, configurable port, monitoring direction and mirror configuration information. When you start to configure a mirror port, firstly configured mirroring port from monitor ports, mirror ports can only have one, and then select the mirror port from the configurable port, select the monitor direction, and press the application key to entry into force, the results is displayed in the mirrored configuration information.

When choose the RECEIVE in direction of monitor, said monitor data packets received, TRANSMIT, said monitor data packets sent, BOTH that monitor all data sent and received packets, NOT\_RECEIVE to cancel monitoring received data packets, NOT\_TRANSMIT to cancel monitor send data packets, NEITHER cancels monitor data packets received and sent, that is canceling monitor port.

C 🔿 🔿 🖉 http://192.168.0.1/		📀 🔎 🗧 🏉 Swite	ch ×	▲ 合 ★ 菜
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch		Port M	irror Configuration	^
Port Configuration     Common Configuratio     Port Statistics	Mirror Port	Able Config Mirrored Ports	Mirror Direction	Mirror Config Info
Flow Control		ge1/3 ge1/4 ge1/5		
Port Ratelimit		ge1/6 ge1/7 ge1/8		
Learn Limit     Dort Trunking     Mirror				
DDM Information	(Mirror port name like: ge1/1)		~	
MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration				
ACL Configuration     QOS Configuration				
IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration     S				<b>`</b>

Figure25 Port mirroring configuration page

## 5. MAC binding

#### (1) MAC binding configuration page

Figure 26 is the MAC binding configuration page. This page is used to achieve the port and MAC address binding.

MAC entries on the page is used to enter the MAC address binding, VLAN ID entry is used to enter the MAC address of VLAN.

C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	1/	📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×		
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>
System Configuration	Port: V	MAC Bind Cor	nfiguration		
MAC Binding Configure MAC Auto Binding MAC Filter	MAC Address (MAC Address Format:	VLAN ID 0 HHHH.HHHHH)			
VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration		MAC Address		VLAN ID	
ACL Configuration     QOS Configuration		Refresh Select-all Ap	Delete	Help	
IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration					
MSTP Configuration     IGMP SNOOPING Confi					
GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration     BOD Configuration					
Cluster Management					
< >					



#### (2) MAC binding automatic conversion page

Figure 27 is the MAC binding automatic conversion page. This page is used to achieve the port MAC address auto-binding. Shows the hardware switch on the lay2 the exist port dynamic MAC address and affiliated VLAN. Can choose one of the entries and convert it into static binding.

C C nttp://192.168.0.1/	2 4 6 8	Switch	×	
	0000			💼 link up
	<u> </u>			🙆 link down
•				
Switch		MAC Aut	to Bind	
System Configuration				
Port Configuration	ort:			
🖻 🔄 MAC Binding				
MAC Binding Configur     (T	he list will display the MA	addresses and VLAN ID that the port has dyn	amically learned. Yo	ou can select one or more items and then press apply
MAC Auto Binding		to bind those mac add	iresses to that port.)	
MAC Filter		MAC Address		VLAN ID
ULAN Configuration				
SNMP Configuration		Refresh Select-all	Apply	Help
ACL Configuration				
QOS Configuration				
IP Basic Configuration				
AAA Configuration				
MSTP Configuration				
IGMP SNOOPING Confi				
GMRP Configuration				
EAPS Configuration				
RMON Configuration				
Cluster Management				
Log Management				
< >				

Figure 27 the MAC binding automatic conversion page

## 6. MAC filtering

#### (1) MAC filtering configuration page

Figure 28 is the MAC filtering configuration page. This page is used to configure the ports on the MAC address filtering.

MAC entries on the page is used to enter the MAC address filtering, VLAN ID entry is used to enter the MAC address affiliated VLAN.

C 🔿 C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	L/	📀 ک ک	×	- □ <b>- ×</b>
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			<ul> <li>iink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>iink down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding MAC Binding MAC Filter MAC Criter Configuration MAC Auto Filter MAC Actu Configuration ACL Configuration COS Configuration ACL Configuration AAC Configuration MSTP Configuration MST	Port: V MAC Address Cormat: H	MAC Filter Config	VLAN ID	
GMRP Configuration EAPS Configuration RMON Configuration Cluster Management Log Management				

Figure 28 the MAC filtering configuration page

#### (2) MAC filtering automatic conversion page

Figure 29 is the MAC filtering automatic conversion page. This page is used to achieve the port MAC address auto-binding.

Shows the hardware switch on the lay2 the exist port dynamic MAC address and affiliated VLAN. Can choose one of the entries and convert it into static filtering configuration.

						_ <b></b>
C C http://192.168.0.1	/	- Q 😌	🭊 Switch	×		↑★♡
						<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>
System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding	Port: V		MAC Auto	Filter		
MAC Filter	(The list will display the M/	AC addresses and VLAN ID t to f	hat the port has dynam ilter those mac address	nically learned. Yo ses from that por	ou can select one or mor rt.)	e items and then press apply
MAC Auto Filter VLAN Configuration SNNP Configuration ACL Configuration ACL Configuration COS Configuration AAA Configuration AAA Configuration GMRP Configuration CMRP Configuration CAMP Configuration CLuster Management CLuster Management CLuster Management		Refresh	MAC Address	Apply	VLANID	

Figure 29 the MAC filtering automatic conversion page

## 7. VLAN Configuration

#### (1) VLAN information page

Figure 30 shows the current VLAN information page. This page is read-only page displays the current VLAN configuration information I, including the VID, state and port members. Select VLAN from the drop-down VID, shows the port information of the Port VLAN members.

A port may not be a member of VLAN, which can be VLAN-tagged or untagged members. The meanings of characters pls see the following info:

- t tagged the port is the VLAN tagged member
- u untagged the port is the VLAN untagged member

C < Attp://192.168.0.1	1/	📀 🔎 🕶 🏉 Switch	×	• • <b>×</b> ↔
				<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding MAC Binding VLAN Configuration VLAN Configuration VLAN Configuration VLAN Configuration VLAN Configuration VLAN Configuration ACL Configuration ACL Configuration AAC Configuration GIP Basic Configuration GIMSP Configuration GI	(Note: The drop-down box displays all curre show all VLANs greater than the selected VL vlan1 v VID VLAN Name 1 vlan1	VLAN Infor It VLANs. The list Displays up to Ak but not more than 39 VLANs. State active [u]ge1/1 [u]ge1/2 Refresh]	mation 30 VLANS. If you select a VLAN in th (t=tagged me Port Member 2 (u)ge1/3 (u)ge1/4 (u)ge1/5 (u)ge1/6 Help	a drop-down box, the list will mber, u=untagged member) (u]ge1/7 (u]ge1/8

Figure 30 VLAN information page

#### (2) Static VLAN configuration page

Figure 31 is the static VLAN configuration page that allows users to create VLAN.

If you want to create a new VLAN, the user input VID on activity line, ranging from 2 to 4094. VLAN name is generated depend on VLAN ID and cannot be modified. Click Apply button, then the list box displays the user-created VLAN's VID and VLAN name. Switch by default created VLAN1, and VLAN1 cannot be removed.

If you want to delete a VLAN, the user needs to click the appropriate VLAN of the list box. The VLAN will be displayed in the activity line, click the Remove (Delete) key to delete the VLAN, the same time, the information of the VLAN to remove from the list box.

C Ø Ø http://192.168.0.1	/	📀 🔎 ד 🏉 Switch	×	- □ <b>×</b>
				<ul> <li>Iink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Iink down</li> </ul>
Switch	500	Static VLAN	Configuration	
Port Configuration	1		vlani	
MAC Binding     MAC Filter	vlan1			
MAC Hiler     VLAN Information     VLAN Information     VLAN Configuration     VLAN Configuration     VLAN Port Configuration     ACL Configuration     GOS Configuration     MSTP Configuration     MSTP Configuration     GMAP Configuration     GMAP Configuration	Viani			
EAPS Configuration     RMON Configuration     Cluster Management     I on Management		Refresh Apply	Delete Help	

Figure 31 the static VLAN configuration page

#### (3) VLAN port configuration page

Figure 32 is the static VLAN configuration page that allows users to create VLAN.

If you want to create a new VLAN, the user input VID on activity line, ranging from 2 to 4094. VLAN name is generated depend on VLAN ID and cannot be modified. Click Apply button, then the list box displays the user-created VLAN's VID and VLAN name. Switch by default created VLAN1, and VLAN1 cannot be removed.

If you want to delete a VLAN, the user needs to click the appropriate VLAN of the list box. The VLAN will be displayed in the activity line, click the Remove (Delete) key to delete the VLAN, the same time, the information of the VLAN to remove from the list box.



Figure 32 The VLAN port configuration page

## 8. SNMP Configuration

#### (1) SNMP share body configuration page

Figure 33 is a shared body of SNMP configuration page that allows users to configure the switch common body's name and read and write access, A total of 8 entries can be configured.

By default, the switch there is a share name as named public, the common body is read-only access. With this correspondence, the activities of this page is only one entry, shared body names are public, access is read-only access. When the switch through SNMP for network management, you need to configure a read-write permissions to the shared body.



Figure 33 a shared body of SNMP configuration page

#### (2) TRAP target configuration page

Figure 34 is the TRAP target configuration page that allows users to configure the workstation to receive TRAP messages as well as the IP address of TRAP protocol packets of some of the parameters.

In the configuration entry, the name used to enter the TRAP name, IP address used to enter the target address, SNMP version used to select the version of the TRAP packet, if you set successful, it will show in the state to active. If the configuration was successful, SNMP TRAP functions will take effects, in the event of link up or link down, the switch will automatically send a TRAP packet to the target address.

C () C () http://192.168.0.1/			👌 🔎 🍯 Swi	ich ×			n ★ ‡
						<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>	
Switch			TRAP	Target Configuration	n		
Port Configuration	Item N	lame		Transmit IP Address		SNMP Version	State
B MAC Binding	New 🗸					<b></b>	
P VLAN Configuration			Refresh	Apply Delete	Help		
□ 🔄 SNMP Configuration							
Community Name							
TRAP Target							
ACL Configuration							
IP Basic Configuration							
AAA Configuration							
MSTP Configuration							
E 🔲 IGMP SNOOPING Confi							
GMRP Configuration							
EAPS Configuration							
Cluster Management							
Log Management							

Figure 34 the TRAP target configuration page

## 9. ACL Configuration

#### (1) IP Standard ACL configuration page

Figure 35 is the IP standard ACL configuration page. Users can through this page to build ACL standard IP-rule base. User can select a ACL group number, in the group to create one or more rules. In a rule can match only the source IP address field (with mask). The standard IP rules to control the source IP address packet forwarding.

C C http://192.168.0.	V ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・ ・
	2 4 5 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration	ACL Standard IP Configuration
MAC Binding     MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration	Source IP Address Source Wildcard (e.g.: If input Source IP Address 192.168.1.2, ACL want to control 192.168.1.0, then Wildcard should be 0.0.0.255)
Standard IP Extended IP MAC IP MAC ARP ACL Information	Deny O Permit     Group Num Deny/Permit Source IP Address Source Wildcard     Refresh Select-all Add Delete Help
ACL Reference     QOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration	
MSTP Configuration GMP SNOOPING Confi GMRP Configuration FAPS Configuration	

Figure 35 the IP standard ACL configuration page

Users to configure the rules, the source IP address must be in with a mask, the rule can match the collection of IP addresses. The address mask is use anti-code , if the rule were to match the IP address range 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.0.255, then the IP address can be 192.168.0.1, and its mask of 0.0.0.255.

Users to configure the rules, each rule must have a filter mode: allow or deny.

The user to create a rule in the group, the system will automatically give the rule a rule number, when to delete a rule in the group 1 rules, other rules remain unchanged, the system will automatically give the rule a rule group sort. If the user wants to delete the entire rule set, you can first select all, then click the delete key.

#### (2) IP Extended ACL configuration page

Figure 36 is the IP extended ACL configuration page. The extended IP group is an extension of the standard IP rules. Control the packet forwarding via source IP, Destination IP, IP protocol type and service port.

C ( / 192.168.0.1		📀 🔎 ᠇ 💋 Swite	ch ×		<u>□ □ ×</u> ↑ ★ ☆
				0 0	link up disable link down
Switch  System Configuration  Port Configuration  MAC Binding  MAC Filter	ACL Extended IP Group Num: 100 🗸	ACL Ex	tended IP Configure		^
WLA I metric     VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration     Standard IP     Extended IP     MAC IP	Source IP Destination IP Protocol Type	ip top	urce Wildcard stination Wildcard		
MAC ARP     ACL Information     ACL Reference     QOS Configuration	Source Port	ftp(tcp) ftp-data(tcp)	Destination Port	ftp(tcp) ftp-data(tcp)	
IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration	TCP Control Flag	□fin □syn	] □rst □psh □ack	( □urg	
MSTP Configuration     IGMP SNOOPING Confi     GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration	(e.g.: If input IP Address 192.16 0.0.0.255; The selected Protocol udp, select the udp port; If the P	8.1.2, ACL want to co Type and Source Port Protocol Type is not to	ntrol 192.168.1.0, then W t is in one-to-one relations p or udp, the selected por	ildcard should be ship, If the Protocol is t is insignificance.)	J
<	Oeny O Permit				<b>`</b>

Figure 36 the IP Extended ACL configuration page

#### (3) MAC IP ACL configuration page

Figure 37 is the MAC IP ACL configuration page. IP MAC group can be the IP packet source and destination MAC address and source and destination IP address control.

C Ø http://192.168.0.1	L/	م 📀	👻 🙆 Switch	×		- □ <b>- ×</b>
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				C d C	link up disable link down
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding	ACL MAC IP Group Num:	700 🗸	ACL MA	C IP Configure		
MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     SNMP Configuration     Standard IP     Extended IP     MAC IP     MAC ARP     ACL Information     ACL Information	Source MAC Source IP Destination IP VLAN ID (e.g.: If input IP Addre 0.0.0.255; MAC Addres HHHL.HHH.HHHH)	0 555 192.168.1.2, ACL 5 is the same, MAC #	Source Source Destin (0-405 want to control ddress and MA	MAC Wildcard 1P Wildcard ation IP Wildcard 14, 0 means all VLAN) 192.168.1.0, then W C Address Wildcard fo	ildcard should be	
OS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration     MSTP Configuration     GMRP SNOOPING Configuration     GMRP Configuration     FAPS Configuration	Group Num	Deny/Permit Source MAC	Source MAC Wildcard	Protocol Type Source IP Add Delete	Source IP Wildcard IP	Destination IP Wildcard VLAN ID

Figure 37 the IP Extended ACL configuration page

#### (4) MAC ARP ACL configuration page

Figure 38 is the MAC ARP ACL configuration page. ARP group can be the type of the operation of the ARP packet, the sender MAC and the sender IP control.

			_		_			
C @ http://192.168.0.1	./	· ۾ 😉	🔨 🧭 Switch		×			☆☆ ☆
								ink up disable link down
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding MAC Filter	ACL MAC ARP Group Num:	1100 🗸	ACL MA	IC ARP Configu	ire			
E 🔲 VLAN Configuration	Sender MAC		Send	er MAC Wildcard				
SNMP Configuration	Sender IP		Send	er IP Wildcard				
ACL Configuration Standard IP Extended IP MAC IP MAC ARP	(e.g.: If input IP Address 0.0.0.255; MAC Address HHHH.HHHH.HHHH) Oeny O Permit	55 192.168.1.2, ACL v is the same, MAC Ac	vant to contr ldress and M	ol 192.168.1.0, tl AC Address Wildo	hen Wildcar ard format:	d should be	e	
ACL Information	Group Num	Deny/Pe	ermit	Sender MAC	Sender I Wildca	MAC g	Sender IP	Sender IP Wildcard
OOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration     MSTP Configuration     GMRP SNOOPING Confi GMRP Configuration     GMRP Configuration     FAPS Configuration		Refresh	Select-all	Add	Delete	Help		

Figure 38 the IP Extended ACL configuration page

#### (5) ACL information page

Figure 39 is the ACL information page, which displays the current ACL rules configured in all the information.

	V	📀 ව 🛪 🍯 Switch	× □ ×
			Ink up denable Ink down
Switch  MAC Binding MAC Binding MAC Binding MAC Filter  SNNP Configuration  SNNP Configuration  SANL Configuration  ACL Configuration  ACL Configuration  ACL Reference  COS Configuration  AAC Reference  MAC ARP  AAC Information  AAC Reference  MAC ARP  AAC Information  AAC Configuration  MAC Configuration  MSTP Configuration  MSTP Configuration  MSTP Configuration  MSTP Configuration		ACL Information	
GMRP Configuration			

Figure 39 is the ACL information page

## **10. QoS Configuration**

#### (1) QoS Apply Configuration Page

Figure 40 is a QoS Apply configuration page.

C C http://192.168.0.1/		📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×	
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration	Port: VQOS Type: N0 003	QOS Apply		
MAC Binding     MAC Filter		Refresh Apply		
E VLAN Configuration	Port Name	QOS Type		User Priority
SNMP Configuration	ge1/1	NO QOS		0
ACL Configuration	ge1/2	NO QOS		0
Configuration	ge1/3	NO QOS		0
COS Apply	ge1/4	NO QOS		0
QOS Schedule	ge1/5	NO QOS		0
IP Basic Configuration	ge1/6	NO QOS		0
AAA Configuration	ge1/7	NO QOS		0
MSTP Configuration	ge1/8	NO QOS		0
IGMP SNOOPING Confi GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration     RMON Configuration     Cluster Management     Log Management				



#### (2) QoS Schedule Configuration Page

Figure 41 is a QoS Schedule configuration page.

🗲 🕞 🖒 🏉 http://192.168.0	0.1/				€ Q +	Switch		×				× ☆
		( (								ink disa ink	up ble down	
System Configuration		Port:	~			QOS S	schedule					^
MAC Binding     MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration     GOS Configuration     QOS Configuration		QOS Sch Weight o Weight o Weight o	edule Mode:   TRR f queue 0 (1~127): f queue 2 (1~127): f queue 4 (1~127): f queue 6 (1~127):	0           0           0           0           0	Weight Weight Weight Weight	t of queue 1 (1~ t of queue 3 (1~ t of queue 5 (1~ t of queue 7 (1~	127): 0 127): 0 127): 0 127): 0					
QOS Schedule     IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration		Port	QOS Schedule	Weight of	Weight of	Refresh Weight of	Apply Weight of	Weight of	Weight of	Weight of	Weight of	
MSTP Configuration     IGMP SNOOPING Confi		Name ge1/1 ge1/2	Mode WRR WRR	queue 0 1 1	queue 1 2 2	queue 2 4 4	queue 3 8 8	queue 4 16 16	queue 5 32 32	queue 6 64 64	queue 7 127 127	]
GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration     RMON Configuration		ge1/3 ge1/4	WRR WRR	1	2	4	8	16 16	32 32	64 64	127 127	
Cluster Management	-	ge1/5 ge1/6 ge1/7 ge1/8	WRR WRR WRR	1 1 1	2 2 2 2 2 2	4 4 4 4	8 8 8 8	16 16 16 16	32 32 32 32	64 64 64 64	127 127 127 127	

Figure 41 QoS Schedule configuration page

## **11. IP Basic Configuration**

#### (1) VLAN Interface Configuration Page

Figure 42 is a VLAN interface configuration page, users can configure the VLAN interface through this page, delete VLAN interfaces, configure the interface IP address, remove the interface IP address, and view interface information. VLAN already exists can only be set when the interface can only be configured on the interface set interface address.

						- • ×
C C http://192.168.0.1/		3	🔎 👻 🍊 Switch	×		
	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$				<ul> <li>Iink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Iink do</li> </ul>	wn
Switch			IP Address Conf	iguration		
Port Configuration	Line Item	VLAN ID	IP Address / Subnet	t Prefix	MAC Address	]
MAC Binding	New 🗸	0				
🗉 🛄 MAC Filter	1	1	192.168.0.1/2	4	b4:4b:d6:44:06:22	í I
VLAN Configuration						-
Image: SNMP Configuration	Ref	fresh (	Create VLAN Interface	Delete VI	AN Interface	
ACL Configuration		Create/Modify	IP Address De	lete IP Address	Help	
QOS Configuration		oroanonioany				
E 🔄 IP Basic Configuration						
IP Address Configurat						
ARP Configuration an						
Host Static Router Co						
AAA Configuration						
MSTP Configuration						
IGMP SNOOPING Conti						
GMRP Configuration						
EAPS Configuration						
Chuster Management						
tog Management						
< >						

Figure 42 VLAN interface configuration page

Switch in the default have a VLAN1 interface, the interface cannot be deleted. One can only configure a VLAN interface.

#### (2) ARP configuration and display page

Figure 43 is the ARP configuration and display page, this page can display all of the information of the ARP table switch, while users can configure a static ARP entries on this page, delete ARP entries, and revised the dynamic ARP table entry to a static ARP table entry.

When a user configures a static ARP entry, the need to enter the IP address and MAC address, MAC address must be a unicast MAC address, and then click Add button.

When a user deletes an ARP entry, you can choose to delete an IP-ARP table entry, remove a segment of the ARP table entry, delete all of the ARP table entry, delete all dynamic ARP table entries and delete all of the static ARP table entry. For the deletion of an IP-ARP table entries, or delete a segment of the ARP table entry required to enter in the input box, specify the IP address or IP network segment. Then click the Delete button.

When dynamic ARP table entry was revised to a static ARP table entry, you can choose to a particular network segment or all of the dynamic ARP table entry was revised to a static ARP table entry.

For the situation to a network segment is required in the input box, enter the specified network segment. And then click Apply button

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		ink up disable ink down
Switch  System Configuration  And Clinding  MAC Binding  MAC Filter  VLAN Configuration  SMMC Configuration  Source	ARP Configure And Display  Static ARP Item configuration:  IP Address Add Add	^ ]]
ONE Configuration     OOS Configuration     OOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration     IP Address Configurat     AdP Configuration an     AdP Configuration an	Delete ARP Item: ARP Item IP Address (IP Network Segment Delete	Ð
Anos Statuc Router Co AAA Configuration     B. MSTP Configuration     GMRP Configuration     GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration     RMON Configuration     Cluster Management	ARP List Item Into Static ARP List Item [ ARP List Item IP Netwo Apply IP Address MAC Address 192.168.0.65 00e0.4c3b.15b5	rk Segment
E Log Management	Refresh Help	~

Figure 43 the ARP configuration and display page

#### (3) Host Static Routing configuration page

Figure 44 is the host static route configuration page, the user can through this page to add, delete static routing switch hosts. By default, the switch is not configured to host a static route, the user can configure the default route through this page, that is the purpose of address / subnet prefix is 0.0.0.0 / 0 routing.

C	/	📀 🔎 - 🏼 🖉 Sw	nitch ×		<u> </u>
					link up disable link down
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding MAC Filter	Target Address/Subnet perf	Host Sta	tic Route Configurati	on	
VLAN Configuration     VLAN Configuration     ACL Configuration     OOS Configuration     Disconfiguration     ACL Configuration     APR Configuration     ARP Configuration     AAR Configuration     MSTP Configuration     GMSP Configuration     GMSP Configuration     EAPS Configuration     Cluster Management     Lon Management     Lon Management	tem	Target Address/Subnet perftx	Next Hop Apply Delete Hi	Distance	State

Figure 44 the host static route configuration page

## 12. Certification. Authorization. Accounting (AAA) configuration

#### (1) Radius Configuration Page

Figure 45 is the Radius configuration page, users can configure with the Radius-related information, you can set information includes:

- 1. Be sure to set the Radius server's IP address before do the authentication and accounting in this field.
- 2. Optional Radius server IP address, if there is spare Radius server can set this field.
- 3. Authentication UDP port, the default value is 1812, the user generally do not need to modify this field.
- 4. Whether to activate the , the default is to start, and when you do authentication and accounting in general to start charging.
- 5. Accounting UDP port, the default value is 1813.
- 6. Shared secret key is used to setting the shared encryption password between the switch and the Radius server, so be sure to set the authentication and accounting in this field, and with the same settings on the Radius server.
- 7. Vendor-specific information, the users typically do not need to modify this field.
- 8. NAS ports, NAS port type, NAS type of service, these three values do not change in general.

C 🔿 C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	/	📀 🔎 - 🏉 Switch	×	h ★ ₩
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch	L	Radius Cor	nfiguration	
🖲 📄 Port Configuration		Primary Server	0. 0. 0. 0	
MAC Binding		Option Server	0. 0. 0. 0	
VLAN Configuration		UDP Port	1812	
SNMP Configuration		Accounting	Enable 🗸	
E ACL Configuration		Accounting UDP Port	1813	]
QOS Configuration		Shared Key		
IP Basic Configuration		Vendor		
Tacacs+ Configuration		NAS Port	50003	
Radius Configuration		NAS Port Type	15	
802.1x Configuration		NAS Service Type	2	
802.1x Port Configura		Roaming	Disable 🗸	
802.1x User Auth-Info		Refresh Ap	ply Help	-
E IGMP SNOOPING Confi			1.1.1	
GMRP Configuration				
🖲 EAPS Configuration 🗸				
RMON Configuration				

9. Whether to on or off the roaming feature of Radius.

Figure 45 the Radius configuration page

#### (2) 802.1x Configuration Page

Figure 46 is the 802.1x configuration page, users can configure 802.1x related information on this page, including:

- 1. Whether to activate the 802.1x protocol, when doing authentication and accounting must be to start 802.1x protocol.
- 2. Switch is to adopt a common authentication method or the expansion of authentication.
- 3. Whether to open re-authentication function, the default is not open when you do authentication and accounting based on the actual circumstances. Open the re-authentication feature will make users more reliable when using the authentication and accounting, but it will slightly increase the network traffic.
- 4. Setting re-certification time interval, only to re-open the case of authentication to be valid, the default is 3600 seconds, when you do authentication and accounting based on the actual situation to set the value, but the value is not too small.
- 5. Quiet Period Timer, users typically do not need to modify this field.
- 6. Tx-Period Timer, users typically do not need to modify this field.
- 7. Server timeout timer, users typically do not need to modify this field.
- 8. Supplicant timeout timer, users typically do not need to modify this field.
- 9. Max Request number, users generally do not need to modify this field.
- 10. Showing Reauth Max size.
- 11. Client Version, the client version number.
- 12. Check Client, whether the certification passed then examine the client's regular flow of packets.

C @ http://192.168.0.1/	📀 ک 🖉 Switch	×	• • <b>• ×</b> ≉
	* 0 0		<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch	802.1x Coi	nfiguration	
■ Port Configuration	802.1x	Disable 🗸	
MAC Binding	Reauthentication	Disable 🗸	
MAC Filter	Reauthentication Period	3600 (Sec)	
SNMP Configuration	Quiet Period	60 (Sec)	
ACL Configuration	Tx-Period	30 (Sec)	
🖲 🧰 QOS Configuration	Forver timeout	10 (Sec)	
IP Basic Configuration	Server unreduc	10 (000)	
AAA Configuration	supplicant timeout	30 (Sec)	
Tacacs+ Configuration	Max Request	3	
Radius Configuration	Reauth Max	3	
802 1x Port Configura	Client Version	2.0	
802.1x User Auth-Info	Check Client	Enable 🗸	
MSTP Configuration	Refresh Ap	ply Help	
E 📄 IGMP SNOOPING Confi			
GMRP Configuration			
EAPS Configuration			
RMON Configuration			
			ļ

Figure 46 the 802.1x configuration page

#### (3) 802.1x port configuration page

Figure 47 is the 802.1x port configuration page, the user through this page to configure the support 802.1x port mode and hosts of the largest, at the same time you can view each port 802.1x configuration. 802.1x port model includes four types: N / A State, Auto state, Force-authorized state and Force-unauthorized state. When a port needs to do 802.1x Authentication, need to set Auto state, if not do authentication to access the network, to set N / A state, the other two states are rarely used in practical applications.

C Ø Ø http://192.168.0.1/	<b>∂</b>	・ D マ 🧔 Switch ×	- □ <b>- ×</b>
			<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>
Switch		802.1x Port Configuration	
Port Configuration	Port Num	Port Mode	Support Host Num
I MAC Binding	×	×	0
MAC Filter	ge1/1	N/A	256
VLAN Configuration	ge1/2	N/A	256
SNMP Configuration	ge1/3	N/A	256
ACL Configuration	ge1/4	N/A	256
QOS Configuration	ge1/5	N/A	256
IP Basic Configuration	ge1/6	N/A	256
🖹 🔄 AAA Configuration	ge1/7	N/A	256
Tacacs+ Configuration	ge1/8	N/A	256
Radius Configuration		Refresh Apply Help	
802.1x Configuration			
🕒 802.1x Port Configura			
802.1x User Auth-Info			
MSTP Configuration			
E 🔲 IGMP SNOOPING Confi			
GMRP Configuration			
🖲 🗀 EAPS Configuration 🗸			
RMON Configuration			

Figure 47 the 802.1x port configuration page

Doing 802.1x authentication, port access, the default maximum host number is 100, the user can modify this field, the biggest support to the 100.

#### (4) 802.1x user authentication information page

Figure 48 is a 802.1x user authentication information page, the user can see through this page, under a certain port access for all users of the state information.



Figure 48 802.1x user authentication information page

## 13. Spanning Tree Protocol configuration

#### (1) MSTP global configuration page

Figure 49 is the MSTP global configuration page, through which you can configure some MSTP related information, mainly including:

- Whether to enable MSTP.
- Configure the bridge priority. Devices with lower priority are more likely to be the root bridge.
- Enable BPDU filtering function on the port in the portfast bpdu-filter default state.
- Enable BPDU guard function on the port in the portfast bpdu-guard default state.
- Configure the forwarding delay.
- Configure the interval for sending MSTP Hello packets.
- The errordisable mechanism is started. When a port that starts a BPDU gurad receives a BPDU, it starts the errordisable timer. Errordisable restarts this port after the configured timeout.
- Configure errordisable timeout time.
- Configure the number of seconds the switch waits to receive spanning tree configuration information before triggering a reconfiguration.
- Configure the number of hops specified before a BPDU is dropped in a domain.
- Start or shut down and cisco compatible spanning tree protocol.

0				
C C http://192.168.0.1	/	📀 🔎 – 🧭 Switch	×	↑ ★ 華
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
Switch		MSTP Cor	nfiguration	
Port Configuration		MSTP	Disable 🗸	
MAC Binding		Priority	32768	
T MAC Filter		Portfast Bpdu-Filter	Disable 🗸	
SNMP Configuration		Portfast Bpdu-Guard	Disable 🗸	
ACL Configuration		Forward-Time	15	
QOS Configuration		Hello.Time	2	
E 🛄 IP Basic Configuration		Errdischle Timeout	Disable V	
AAA Configuration		Endisable-Timeout	200	
B MSTP Configuration		Errdisable-Timeout Interval	500	
MSTP Configuration		Max-Age	20	
Port Configuration		Max-Hops	20	
Port Information		Cisco-Interoperability	Disable 🗸	
IGMP SNOOPING Conti		Refresh	Apply	
EABS Configuration				
The RMON Configuration				
Cluster Management				
Log Management				
< >				

Figure 49 MSTP Global Configuration Page

#### (2) MSTP port configuration page

Figure 50 is the MSTP global configuration page. Through this page, you can configure some MSTP related information, mainly including:

- Select the port to be configured.
- Configure a port as a portfast port to enable the port from the blocking state to the forwarding state, bypassing the listening and learning states.
- Open the BPDU filter on the selected port.
- Enable BPDU guard on the selected port.
- Enable the root guard function, and do not accept BPDU packets with a higher priority than the bridge. Specify the switch as the root switch.
- Configure the connection type. point-to-point: The type of connection is point-to-point, allowing fast transition of the port status. shared: Connection type is shared, does not allow rapid conversion of port status, to go through the calculation process of 802.1D to determine the status of the port.
- Configure the cist priority of the interface. Range 0-240, can only be a multiple of 16. The default is 128.
- Configure the cist path cost. Range 1-200000000. The default is 20000000. Lower path costs are more likely to be roots.

C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	L/	📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×	
				<ul> <li>▲ link up</li> <li>▲ disable</li> <li>▲ link down</li> </ul>
Switch	I.	MSTP Port C	Configuration	
Port Configuration		Port	~	]
MAC Binding		Portfast	Disable 🗸	
MAC Filter		Destfact body filter	Enable Y	
VLAN Configuration		Portiast opdu-inter	Enable +	
SNMP Configuration		Portfast bpdu-guard	znaole 🗸	-
ACL Configuration		Root Guard	Disable V	
QOS Configuration		Link-Type	Shared 🗸	
IP Basic Configuration		Priority	0	
AAA Configuration		Path-Cost	0	1
MSTP Configuration		Force Version	STP V	
MSTP Contiguration		Defect		_
Port Configuration		Refresh	Арріу	
E CMPR Configuration				
EAPS Configuration				
BMON Configuration				
Cluster Management				
B Log Management				

• Configure the type of protocol packets to be sent.

Figure 50 MSTP Port Configuration Page

## (3) MSTP configuration information page

Figure 51 is the MSTP configuration information page, through which you can view some MSTP related information

C				🖉 - ۹ 📀	Switch	×			- □ × ↑ ★ #
	I		* 12 7						ink up disable link down
System Configuration Port Configuration MAC Binding				MST	P All Port I	nformation			
MAC Filter	Port	Postfast	Bpdu-Filter	Bpdu-Guard	Root Guard	Link-Type	Priority	Path-Cost	Force-Version
VLAN Configuration	ge1/1	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
SNMP Configuration	ge1/2	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
ACL Configuration	ge1/3	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
QOS Configuration	ge1/4	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
* 🔲 IP Basic Configuration	ge1/5	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
AAA Configuration	ge1/6	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
Configuration	ge1/7	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
MSTP Configuration	ge1/8	Disable	Default	Default	Disable	Point-To-point	128	20000	MSTP
Port Configuration					Refresh				
Port Information									
E 🔲 IGMP SNOOPING Confi									
GMRP Configuration									
EAPS Configuration									
RMON Configuration									
🖲 🗋 Cluster Management 🗸 🗸									
Con Management									

Figure 51 MSTP Configuration Information page

## 14. IGMP SNOOPING configuration

#### (1) IGMP SNOOPING configuration page

Figure 52 is the IGMP SNOOPING configuration page, through which you can start IGMP SNOOPING.

0					
C & http://192.168.0.1/	1	😌 🔎 🗧 🧭 Switch	×		↑ ★ ☆
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink dow</li> </ul>	n
Switch System Configuration	L	IGMP SNOOPING	Configuration		
Port Configuration     MAC Binding     MAC Filter		IGMP SNOOPING	Apply		
VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration					
QOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration					
AAA Configuration     MSTP Configuration     GAP SNOOPING Confi					
IGMP SNOOPING Co     Multicast Group Inform     GMRP Configuration					
EAPS Configuration     RMON Configuration					
Cluster Management					
					ļ

Figure 52 IGMP SNOOPING configuration page

#### (2) IGMP SNOOPING information page

Figure 53 is the IGMP SNOOPING information page, which allows users to view some information about IGMP SNOOPING.

C C C C Lung //102.169.0.1/		A De Cabl		
0 <u>e</u> map <i>1</i> /192.106.0.1)		Switch	×	ink up disable ink down
Switch	1	Multicast Group Info	ormation	
* MAC Binding	VLAN ID Multicast Address		Member Ports	
I MAC Filter		Refresh		
VLAN Configuration				
SNMP Configuration				
ACL Configuration				
IP Basic Configuration				
AAA Configuration				
MSTP Configuration				
🖹 🤤 IGMP SNOOPING Confi				
IGMP SNOOPING Co				
Multicast Group Inform				
GMRP Configuration				
EAPS Configuration				
Cluster Management				
🖲 Log Management 🗸				
< >				



## **15. GMRP configuration**

#### (1) GMRP Global Configuration Page

Figure 54 shows the GMRP global configuration page. Users can enable GMRP through this page.

C → C Ø http://192.168.0.1	1	📀 ک 🗕 🍘 Switch	× • • * *
			ink up ink disable ink down
Switch  System Configuration  MAC Binding  MAC Binding  MAC Filter  SNNP Configuration  SNNP Configuration  AAC Configuration  AAC Configuration  GAC RAP Shate Machine  GAC Sconfiguration  GAC Sc		GMRP Global Configura Global GMRP Disable Refresh Apply	tion

Figure 54 GMRP Global Configuration Page

#### (2) GMRP port configuration page

Figure 55 shows the GMRP port configuration page. You can use this page to enable the GMRP port and view the port information.

C C http://192.168.0.1/			📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Switch	×	
					<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
System Configuration	Port:	GMRP Sta	GMRP Por	ts Configuration	
MAC Binding     MAC Filter			Refres	h Apply	
ULAN Configuration	Port Name	GMRP Status	Join Timer(centiseconds)	Leave Timer(centiseconds)	LeaveAll Timer(centiseconds)
SNMP Configuration	ge1/1	Disable			
ACL Configuration	ge1/2	Disable			
QOS Configuration	ge1/3	Disable			
IP Basic Configuration	ge1/4	Disable			
AAA Configuration	ge1/5	Disable			
MSTP Configuration	ge1/6	Disable			
E GMP SNOOPING Confi	ge1/7	Disable			
GMRP Configuration	ge1/8	Disable			
GMRP Global Configu GMRP Ports Configur GMRP State Machine EAPS Configuration RMON Configuration Cluster Management					



#### (3) GMRP state machine page

Figure 56 is the GMRP state machine page. Users can view the GMRP state machine information through this page.

C 🗇 C 🧭 http://192.168.0.1/			📀 ۶۰۰ 🍘 switch	×	- □ ×
		* 			<ul> <li>Iink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Iink down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration	1		GMRP State Mac	chine	
* 🗀 MAC Binding	Port Name	VLAN ID	Multicast MAC Address	Applicant State	Registrar State
MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration     SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration     QOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration     MASTP Configuration			Refresh		
GMRP SNOOPING Confi GMRP Configuration     GMRP Global Configure GMRP Ports Configure GMRP State Machine					
EAPS Configuration     RMON Configuration     Cluster Management     Log Management					

Figure 56 is the GMRP state machine page

## 16. EAPS configuration

#### (1) EAPS configuration page

Figure 57 is an EAPS configuration page, through which you can configure some EAPS related information, including:

- Select an EAPS ring number.
- Configure the operating node mode of an EAPS Domain.
- Configure Primary Port of EAPS Domain.
- Configure Secondary Port of EAPS Domain.
- Configure a control VLAN for EAPS Domain.
- Add one or more protected VLANs of the EAPS Domain.
- Configure an EAPS Domain to periodically send HEALTH packets. Hello-timer must be less than fail-time.
- Set the fail-period timer of one EAPS domain to expire.
- Enable or disable compatibility with Extreme devices.
- Whether to enable

C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1/		🍝 ج 🥹	Switch ×		
					<ul> <li>IInk up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>IInk down</li> </ul>
Switch	I		EAPS Configuration		
Port Configuration	[	EAPS Ring ID	1 🗸	]	
MAC Billing		Create Status	Not Created		
VLAN Configuration		Mode	None 🗸		
SNMP Configuration		primary port	~		
ACL Configuration		secondary port	~		
COS Configuration		Control VLAN	0		
IP Basic Configuration	Ì	Protected VLANs		Format: 2,4,6 or 3-10	
MSTP Configuration	Ì	Hello Time Interval	0	s	
E GMP SNOOPING Confi		Fail Time	0	8	
GMRP Configuration	l	Data Snan	Disable 🗸		
EAPS Configuration	l	Extreme Interenerability	Disshla M		
EAPS Configuration	l	Extreme interoperability	Disable +		
E EAPS Information	l	Enable Status	Disable V		
E Cluster Management		Refresh	Create Apply F	Remove	
🖲 Log Management					
< >					

Figure 57 EAPS Configuration Page

#### (2) EAPS information page

Figure 58 is an EAPS information page, through which users can view some EAPS related information.

C Ø Å http://192.168.0.1	/	ම ව - 🏉 Switch	×	— □ — × ↔ ↑ ★ ☆
				<ul> <li>▲ link up</li> <li>▲ disable</li> <li>▲ link down</li> </ul>
Switch  System Configuration  Port Configuration  MAC Binding  MAC Filter  SNNP Configuration  SNNP Configuration  CAC CONFIGU		EAPS Inform	nation	

Figure 58 EAPS information page

## **17. RMON configuration**

#### (1) RMON statistics group configuration page

Figure 59 shows the RMON statistics group configuration page. You can use this page to configure the RMON statistics group. Select a port from the drop-down list to view/configure the RMON statistics group configuration for this port. When not configured, the index number is 0, fill in the correct index number (range 1 to 100), the owner is optional, you can configure RMON statistics group for the port. The statistics table shows the port statistics from the successful configuration.

C C http://192.168.0.1/	/	📀 🔎 👻 🙆 Switch	×	
				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
🔁 Switch				
🗉 🦲 System Configuration 🦳		PMON	Statistics	
Port Configuration		RMON	Statistics	
MAC Binding	Port: V			
🖲 🧰 MAC Filter				
ULAN Configuration		RMON Statistics		
SNMP Configuration	Index 0	Owner		
ACL Configuration				
QOS Configuration		Refresh Apply	Delete Help	
P 🔲 IP Basic Configuration		Ctati	ation Data	
AAA Configuration		sterStateDrepEvents	A otherStateOctote	
MSTP Configuration		otherStatsPkts	0 etherStatsBroadcastPkts	
E GMP SNOOPING Confi		etherStatsMulticastPkts	0 etherStatsCRCAlignErrors	
GMRP Configuration		etherStatsUndersizePkts	0 etherStatsOversizePkts	
EAPS Configuration		etherStatsFragments	0 etherStatsJabbers	
RMON Configuration		etherStatsCollisions	0 etherStatsPkts64Octets	
Statistics Configuratio		etherStatsPkts65to127Octets	0 etherStatsPkts128to255Octets	
History Configuration		etherStatsPkts256to511Octets	0 etherStatsPkts512to1023Octets	0
Alarm Configuration		etherStatsPkts1024to1518Octets	0	
Event Configuration				
🖲 🗋 Cluster Management 🧹				
🖲 Log Management				

Figure 59 RMON statistics group configuration page

#### (2) RMON history group configuration page

Figure 60 shows the RMON history group configuration page. You can configure the RMON history group through this page. Select a port from the drop-down list to view/configure the RMON history group configuration for this port. When not configured, the index number is 0, fill in the correct index number (range is 1 to 100), interval, request Buckets, the owner is optional, you can configure the RMON history group for the port. Interval refers to the time interval in seconds that the data is collected. The range is 1-3600. The bucket is the allocated storage size and it indicates how many records are stored. The range is 1-100. The statistics table shows historical data that has been collected since the configuration was successful.



Figure 60 RMON history group configuration page

#### (3) RMON alarm group configuration page

Figure 61 shows the RMON alarm group configuration page. You can use this page to create or modify an RMON alarm group. Select a configured alarm group from the drop-down list to view/configure its information. Select New to create it. The index number range is from 1 to 60, and the interval range is from 1 to 3600. In seconds, the monitoring object must fill in the MIB node. The comparison method can choose absolute (absolute value) or delta (change amount). In addition, the upper and lower limit valves must be filled in. Value, event index, owner is optional. The alarm value is read-only and shows the sampled value when the alarm was last issued. The event index refers to the index number of the RMON event group and must be configured in advance.

C → C  C  (+) </th <th>1/</th> <th>€ P - 🦉 Switch</th> <th>×</th> <th></th> <th>- □ <b>- ×</b></th>	1/	€ P - 🦉 Switch	×		- □ <b>- ×</b>
					<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>
Switch System Configuration Port Configuration	I	RMO	N Alarm		^
MAC Binding     MAC Filter     VI AN Configuration	Sequence Index Interval	Variable S	ample Type Alarm F Value Th	Rising Falling Rising reshold Threshold Index	Falling Event Index
SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration	New 🗸 0 0	Refresh Apply	bsolute ✓ 0 0 Delete H	o o elp	0
QOS Configuration     IP Basic Configuration	Sequence Index Interval Variab	le Sample Type Alarm Value	Rising Fall Threshold Thres	ing Rising Fall shold Event Index Event	ing Index Owner
MSTP Configuration     IGMP SNOOPING Confi					
GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration					
RMON Configuration     Statistics Configuratio     History Configuration					
Alarm Configuration					
Cluster Management	<				~ >

Figure 61 RMON alarm group configuration page

#### (4) RMON event group configuration page

Figure 62 is the RMON event group configuration page. Users can create or modify RMON event groups through this page. Select a configured event group from the drop-down list to view/configure its information. Select New to create it. The index number range is from 1 to 60. The description is a character string. Actions can select none (no operation), log (log), snmp-trap (trap trap) or log-and-trap (log and Trap alarm), Community names do not work in this device, owners are optional. The last send time is read-only, showing the last time the event was sent.

000					_		
C 🖉 http://192.168.0.1	4	- Q 😌	🥔 Switch	×			
						<ul> <li>link up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>link down</li> </ul>	
Switch Configuration Port Configuration			RMON Ev	ent			
MAC Binding     MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration	Sequence Index	Description	Type	Community	Last Time Sent 1970/01/01	Owner	
SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration     OOS Configuration		Refre	esh Apply [	Delete	Help		
IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration     MSTP Configuration	Sequence Index	Description	Type Comm	unity	Last Time Sent	Owner	
IGMP SNOOPING Confi     GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration							
RMON Configuration     Statistics Configuratio							
Alarm Configuration     Event Configuration							
Cluster Management							

Figure 62 RMON Event Group Configuration Page

## 18. Cluster configuration

#### (1) NDP configuration page

Figure 63 shows the NDP configuration page. You can use this page to configure NDP. The configurable information includes: selecting the port, enabling the NDP function of the port, enabling the global NDP function, the interval for sending NDP packets, and the aging time of the NDP packets on the receiving device.

For port selection, you can select the port as required and enable the port NDP function. For NDP to operate normally, both global and port NDP must be enabled at the same time.

Set the aging time of the NDP packets sent by the local device to the receiving device. The valid time range is 1-4096 seconds. The default value is 180 seconds.

Set the interval for sending NDP packets. The valid time range is 1-4096 seconds and the default is 60 seconds.

C C http://192.168.0.1/	📀 🔎 👻 🏉 Swit	ch ×	
			<ul> <li>ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>ink down</li> </ul>
Switch	ND	P Configuration	
Port Configuration	Port:	~	
MAC Binding     MAC Filter	Port Enable	disable 🗸	
VLAN Configuration	Global Enable	disable 🗸	
SNMP Configuration	Hello-time	60 (1-4096 sec)	
B QOS Configuration	Aging-time	180 (1-4096 sec)	
IP Basic Configuration	Refrest	Apply Help	
MSTP Configuration			
IGMP SNOOPING Confi			
EAPS Configuration			
RMON Configuration			
Cluster Management			
NTDP Configuration			
Cluster Configuration			
< >			

Figure 63 NDP configuration page

#### (2) NTDP configuration page

Figure 64 shows the NTDP configuration page. You can use this page to configure NTDP. The information that can be set includes: selecting the port, enabling the NTDP function of the port, enabling the global NTDP function, the range of the topology collection, the time interval of collecting the regular topology, the delay time of the first port forwarding the packet, and the forwarding of the packet by other ports delay.

For port selection, you can select the port as required and enable the NTDP function on the port. For NTDP to operate normally, both global and port NTDP must be enabled.

The range of topology collection is configured. The valid range is 1-6. In the default configuration, the maximum number of hops from the most distant device to the topology collection device is 3.

Set the interval for collecting the topology collection. The valid range is 0-65535 minutes. The default configuration is 1 minute.

Set the delay for forwarding packets on the first port. The valid range is 1-1000 milliseconds. The default value is 200 milliseconds.

Sets the delay for forwarding packets on the first port. The valid range is 1 to 100 milliseconds. The default value is 20 milliseconds.

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				<ul> <li>Ink up</li> <li>disable</li> <li>Ink down</li> </ul>
System Configuration	Port:	DP Configuratio	n	
MAC Filter     VLAN Configuration	Port Enable Global Enable	disable V disable V		
SNMP Configuration     ACL Configuration     QOS Configuration	Hops Interval-time	3	(1-6) (0-65535 min)	
IP Basic Configuration     AAA Configuration	Hop-delay Port-delay	200	(1-1000 milsec) (1-100 milsec)	
MSTP Configuration     IGMP SNOOPING Confi     GMRP Configuration     EAPS Configuration	Refre	sh Apply H	lelp	
RMON Configuration     Cluster Management     NDP Configuration				
NTDP Configuration     Cluster Configuration				
< >	 			

Figure 64 NTDP configuration page

#### (3) Cluster Configuration Page

Figure 65 is the cluster configuration page. Users can configure the cluster and view the cluster member table through this page. The information that can be set includes: enabling the cluster function, configuring the management VLAN, the address pool of the cluster, the interval for sending handshake packets, the effective retention time of the device, the name of the cluster, the way to join the cluster, and deleting the cluster.

To enable the cluster function, you must enable the cluster function before the cluster function can run normally.

Configure a management VLAN. The valid range is 1-4094. The default configuration is vlan1.

Configure a private IP address range for member devices in the cluster. The valid range of ip addresses is 0.0.0.0 to 255.255.255.255. The valid range of the mask length is 0 to 32.

Set the interval for sending handshake packets. The valid range is 1-255 seconds. The default is 10 seconds.

Configure the device's effective retention time. The valid range is 1-255 seconds and the default is 60 seconds.

To set up a cluster, you need to configure the cluster name and choose to join the cluster. There are manual and automatic joining methods. After establishing a cluster, you can automatically switch to manual, but you cannot manually switch to automatic. Manual mode can change the cluster name.

After a cluster is established, member devices and candidate devices can be viewed in the cluster member table. You can delete member devices or add candidate devices to member devices according to roles.

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Switch		Cluster	Configuration		^
Port Configuration     MAC Binding		Cluster Enable	disable 🗸		
🖲 MAC Filter		Management-vlan	1	(1-4094)	
VLAN Configuration		IP-pool	0. 0. 0. 0/0	(A.B.C.D/M)	
SNMP Configuration		Handshake time	10	(1-255 sec)	
QOS Configuration		Handshake hold-time	60	(1-255 sec)	
IP Basic Configuration		Hundshuke noid time		]()	
🖲 🗀 AAA Configuration			Apply		
MSTP Configuration					
IGMP SNOOPING Confi					
EAPS Configuration		Cluster Name	Туре	~	
RMON Configuration					
🖻 🔄 Cluster Management		Apply	Delete		
NDP Configuration		Cluste	- Manuface Lint		
NTDP Configuration		Cluste	r Member List		
Cluster Configuration	Serial MAC	IP	Status	Name	Bole
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Figure 65 Cluster Configuration Page

## 19. Log management

#### (1) Log information page

Figure 66 is the Log information page. Users can enable and view various log information through this page.

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Switch  System Configuration  Port Configuration  MAC Binding  MAC Filter  VLAN Configuration  COS Configuration  COS Configuration  ACL Configur	Log Priority	Loc Refresh	Information	
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Figure 66 Log Information Page

- Critical: Output critical level information.
- Debugging: Outputs debug level debugging information.
- Informational: Output information level debugging information.
- Warning: Output warning level debugging information.
- ALL: Output all log information.

## 20. PoE port configuration

#### (1) PoE port Configuration Page

Figure 67 is the PoE port configuration / PoE-display page. Users can enable or disable the port's PoE function to the page, or View all ports of PoE information.

Information can be seen in the following tables:

- 1. Staus: Enalbe means PoE function is available; Disable means PoE function is close.
- 2. Operation: Displays the PoE ports ON or OFF

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								<ul> <li>▲ link up</li> <li>▲ disable</li> <li>▲ link down</li> </ul>	
Switch  System Configuration  Configuration  SMAC Binding  MAC Binding  MAC Eliter  SMMP Configuration  SMMP Configuration  CACL Configuration  CACL Configuration	POE Power Control       POE Port: [ge1/1 ]       POE Power Status: Enable ]       Refresh       Apply       Total Power Consumption(mW): 0								
QOS Configuration	0050			-					
E IP Basic Configuration	POE Port	Status	Operation	Type	Class	Power (mw)	Current (mA)	Voltage (V)	
AAA Configuration	ge1/1	Enable	011	002.3at	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
MSTP Configuration	ge 1/2	Enable	01	002.3at	IN/A	IN/A	N/A	N/A	
E GMP SNOOPING Confi	ge1/3	Enable	011	802.3at	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
GMRP Configuration	ge1/4	Enable	011	802.3at	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
EAPS Configuration	ge1/6	Enable	0#	802.3at	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
RMON Configuration	ge1/7	Enable	Off	802.3at	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
🖲 🗋 Cluster Management	ge1/8	Enable	Off	802.3at	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
🖲 🗋 Log Management									
🖹 🤤 PoE Power Control									
PoE Power Control									
PoE Policy Configurat V									

Figure 67 the PoE port configuration page

This is a Class A product. In home environment, this product may cause radio interference. In this case, the user may be required to take appropriate measures.

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