

# Gigabit Fiber Ethernet Converter 10/100/1000Base-T/TX to 1000Base-SX/LX



**User's Manual** 

## Overview

Gigabit fiber media converter is a 10/100/1000 auto negotiating media converter. The copper port auto negotiates the connected device's speed and duplex mode: 10/100/1000Mbps half duplex; or 10/100/1000 Mbps full duplex; the fiber port always operates at 1000Mbps. The maximum distance is Multi-mode 0.5 or 2km and single-mode 10/20/40/60/80km or 160km.

There is also 10/100/1000Base-T to SFP (mini-GBIC) media converter available. The SFP slot supports both Multi-Mode (SX) and Single-Mode (LX) fiber standards for transmission distances of up to 80km. Gigabit Ethernet port Auto-Negotiate between 100 and 1000Mbps transmission speeds. Note: DN-82131 support 1000Base-T only.

## Installation

### 1. Interface

### **RJ-45** interface

The transmission media adopts CAT5 twisted-pair with typical length of 100 meter. It features the function of automatically identifying the through line and cross wire

#### Fiber interface

Fiber interface is of duplex mode type, including two interfaces, namely TX and RX. When the two sets of optical transceiver are interfaced or connected to switch with fiber interface, the fiber is in cross connection, namely "TX-RX", "RX-TX" (direct butting for single optical fiber).

## 2. Connection

The network device (work station, hub or switch) with RJ-45 interface is connected to RJ-45 jack of the media converter through twisted-pair. The fiber device is connected to fiber interface of the media converter. Then switch on. The corresponding LED is on for correct connection. (See the table below for the LED indicator lamp)

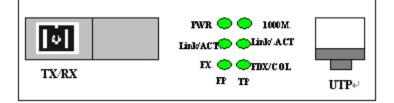


Table 1: Front panel for single fiber media converter

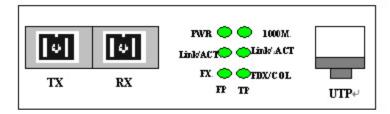


Table 2: Front panel for dual fiber media converter

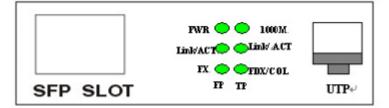


Table 3: Front panel for SFP fiber media converter



Table 4: Back panel for fiber media converter

## **DIP Switch settings instruction**

DIP-Bit Number	Switch Status	Function Descriptions	
I.	ON	LFP function enabled	
	OFF	LFP function disabled	
II.	OFF/OFF		
	OFF/ON		
III.	ON	Electrical port is forced to 10M	
	OFF	Electrical interface of 10M/100M/1000M adaptive	
IV.	ON		
	OFF		

#### Explanation for LED indicator

LED indicator serve as device monitoring and trouble display.

The following is the explanation for each LED indicator lamp.

LED	Function	Status	Describing
PWR	Power LED	ON	Power is ON.
		OFF	Power is Fail.
FX	Fiber port signal detect LED	ON	Laser is receiving.
		OFF	No laser input.
FX-LINK/ACT	Fiber port link/action status LED	ON	Fiber link is ok.
		Blink	Data is been received or transmitted.
		OFF	Fiber link is fail.
1000M	UTP port speed LED	ON	1000M speed
		OFF	100M speed
TX-LINK/ACT	UTP port link/action status LED	ON	Link is ok.
		Blink	Data is been received or transmitted.
		OFF	Fiber link is fail.
FDX/COL	LITP port duploy LED	ON	Full duplex
	UTP port duplex LED	OFF	Half Duplex

### **Technical parameters:**

- Standard Protocol: IEEE802.3 10 Base-T standard IEEE 802.3u 100Base-TX/FX standard IEEE 802.3z 1000Base-TX/FX standard
- 2. Connector: one UTP RJ-45 connector, one SC/ST/SFP connector
- 3. Operation mode: full duplex mode or half duplex mode
- 4. Environmental temperature: 0°C-60°C
- 5. Relative humidity: 5%-90%
- 6. TP cable: Cat5 UTP cable
- 7. Transfer fiber: multi-mode: 50/125, 62.5/125 or 100/140μm single mode: 8.3/125, 8.7/125, 9/125 or 10/125μm
- 8. Max. 2M buffer memory built in chip
- 9. Automatic identification of MDI/MDI-X cross line
- 10. High-performance 1.4Gbps memory bandwidth.

#### Cautions:

- 1. This product is suitable for indoor application.
- 2. Put on the dust cover of fiber interface when not used.
- 3. It is forbidden to stare at the TX fiber-transfer end with naked eyes.
- 4. Single optical fiber transceiver must be used in pair (See the attachment description in delivery). Example: DN-82122 and DN-82123

#### Trouble shooting:

- 1. Device is not matched. Please select the corresponding network device according to the transfer rate of the product (10Mbps or 100Mbps) when connected to other network devices (network card, hub, switch).
- 2. Line loss is excessive during the fiber wiring. Excessive loss in connector plug-in and fiber soldering welding, and excessive intermediate nodes may cause excessive loss rate or abnormal operation.

Hereby Assmann Electronic GmbH, declares that the Declaration of Conformity is part of the shipping content. If the Declaration of Conformity is missing, you can request it by post under the below mentioned manufacturer address.

www.assmann.com Assmann Electronic GmbH Auf dem Schüffel 3 58513 Lüdenscheid Germany

